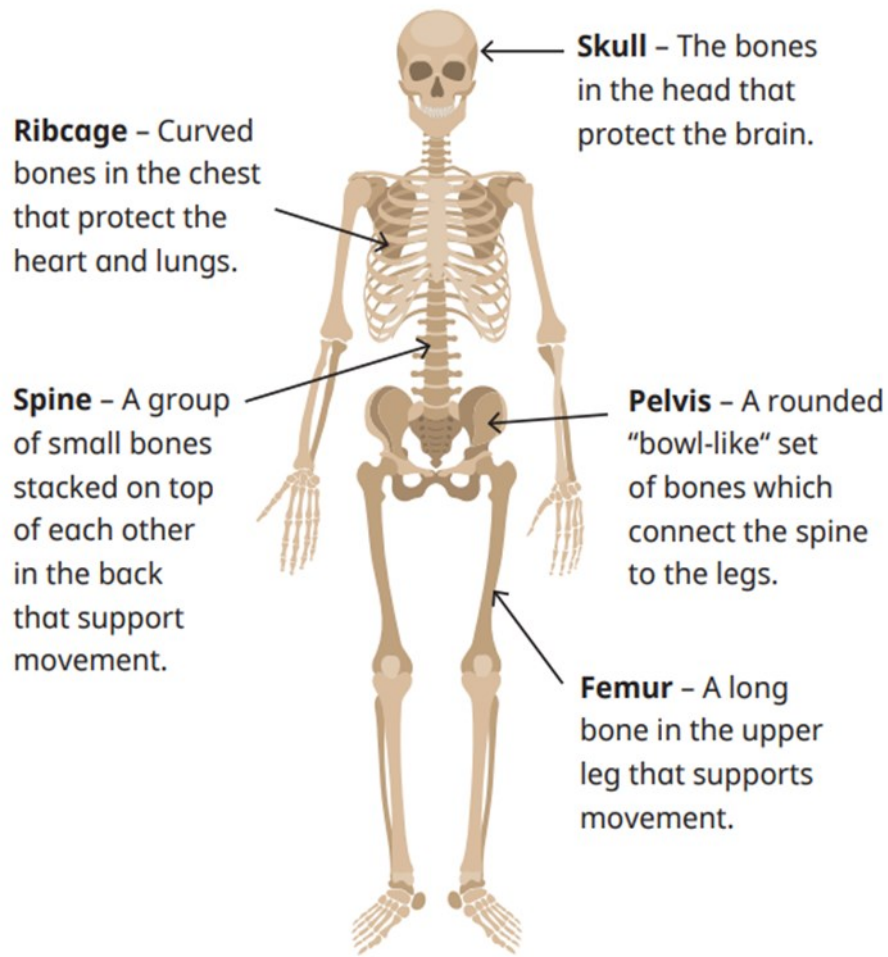


Skeletons Year 3

Key vocabulary



- **Mammal** – A warm-blooded animal with a spine and hair or fur.



- **Bird** – An animal with a spine, feathers, wings and a beak.



- **Fish** – Animals that live in water with fins, gills and scales.



- **Amphibian** – A cold-blooded animal with a spine that lives on land and in water.



- **Reptile** – A cold-blooded animal with a spine and dry scales.



An adult human, typically has 206 bones in their body—these make up the skeleton.

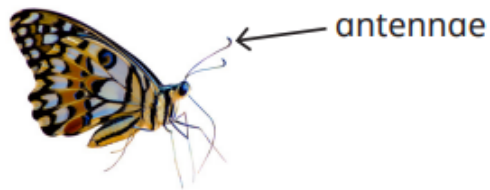
Mammals, birds, fish, amphibians and reptiles have skeletons.

Skeletons are made up of many different bones.

- **Spine** – A group of small bones stacked on top of each other in the back, also known as the “backbone”.



- **Antennae** – The organ on an insect's head that it uses to touch and smell.



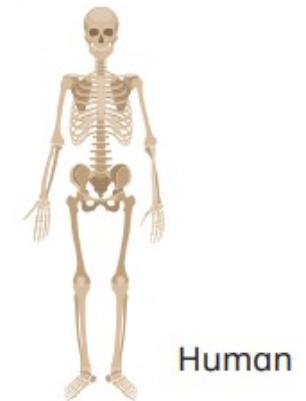
- **Insect** – A small animal that has three body sections, six legs and antennae.



- **Exoskeleton** – A form of skeleton on the outside of an animal's body that provides support and protection.



- **Skeleton** – A collection of bones that provide protection and support movement. This appears different in different animals.



- **Exoskeleton** – A form of skeleton on the outside of an animal's body that provides support and protection.

